

## Disorders Of The Cerebellum And Its Connections Free

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[Disorders Of The Cerebellum And](#)

Everything you need to know about the cerebellum. Ataxia. The main symptom of cerebellum dysfunction is ataxia. Ataxia is a loss of muscle coordination and control. An underlying problem with the ... Ataxia disorders. Ataxia caused by toxins. Viral ataxia. Ataxia caused by stroke.

[Cerebellum: Anatomy, function, and disorders](#)

Systemic disorders include alcoholism (alcoholic cerebellar degeneration), thiamin deficiency, celiac disease, heatstroke, hypothyroidism, and vitamin E deficiency. Toxins that can cause cerebellar dysfunction include carbon monoxide , heavy metals, lithium , phenytoin , and certain solvents.

[Cerebellar Disorders - Neurologic Disorders - Merck ...](#)

Disorders of the Cerebellum: Ataxia, Dysmetria of Thought, and the Cerebellar Cognitive Affective Syndrome Abstract. Many diseases involve the cerebellum and produce ataxia, which is characterized by incoordination of balance,... THE CEREBELLAR MOTOR SYNDROME. The historian Max Neuburger (1868–1955) ...

[Disorders of the Cerebellum: Ataxia, Dysmetria of Thought ...](#)

Sources of cerebellar injuries. Toxins. There are a large number of processes that injure the cerebellum. Ethanol and many anticonvulsant medications (such as phenytoin and ... Autoantibodies: Structural lesions of the cerebellum (under construction). Strokes. Multiple Sclerosis affecting the ...

[Cerebellar Disorders - Dizziness-and-Balance.com](#)

As the cerebellum is associated with motor control, lesions produce a range of movement disorders (ataxias). These can be differentiated by their time course. Lesions of the midline vermis of the cerebellum cause truncal ataxia, while lesions of the cerebellar hemispheres cause limb ataxia of the ipsilateral side.

[Cerebellar Disorders information, Cerebellar Ataxia ...](#)

The cerebellum disorders can produce a wide variety of deficits, affecting the development of behaviors belonging to the motor sphere as other areas of intellectual functioning. Since 1800, different clinical reports have described individuals with damage to the cerebellar territory, including lack of development of this structure or atrophy.

[Cerebellum disorders and Their Symptoms | Its psychology](#)

The cerebellar cognitive affective syndrome (CCAS) includes impairments in executive, visual-spatial, and linguistic abilities, with affective disturbance ranging from emotional blunting and...

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For instance, the cerebellum can sustain damage due to: a head injury. stroke. a brain tumor. autoimmune conditions, such as multiple sclerosis. neurodegenerative conditions, such as Parkinson's disease or Huntington's disease. infections. some medications, such as benzodiazepines or barbiturates. ...

[Cerebellum Facts, Function, Location, and Disorders](#)

Cerebellar cortical atrophy, multisystem atrophy and olivopontocerebellar degeneration are progressive degenerative disorders that affect various parts of the nervous system, including the cerebellum.

[Cerebellar degeneration | Genetic and Rare Diseases ...](#)

Acute cerebellar ataxia (ACA) is a disorder that occurs when the cerebellum becomes inflamed or damaged. The cerebellum is the area of the brain responsible for controlling gait and muscle...

[Acute Cerebellar Ataxia: Causes, Symptoms, and Diagnosis](#)

The cerebellar cognitive affective syndrome (CCAS) includes impairments in executive, visual-spatial, and linguistic abilities, with affective disturbance ranging from emotional blunting and depression, to disinhibition and psychotic features.

[Disorders of the Cerebellum: Ataxia, Dysmetria of Thought ...](#)

Cerebellar ataxia is a form of ataxia originating in the cerebellum. Non-progressive congenital ataxia (NPCA) is a classical presentation of cerebral ataxias.. Cerebellar ataxia can occur as a result of many diseases and may present with symptoms of an inability to coordinate balance, gait, extremity and eye movements. Lesions to the cerebellum can cause dyssynergia, dysmetria ...

[Cerebellar ataxia - Wikipedia](#)

Cerebellar damage produces disorders in fine movement, equilibrium, posture, and motor learningin humans. Anatomically, the human cerebellum has the appearance of a separate structure attached to the bottom of the brain, tucked underneath the cerebral hemispheres.

[Cerebellum - Wikipedia](#)

Cerebellar disorders are problems with the cerebellum, an area of the brain that controls coordination and balance. Ataxias is one of these disorders.

[Cerebellar Disorders | MedlinePlus](#)

Persistent ataxia usually results from damage to the part of your brain that controls muscle coordination (cerebellum). Many conditions can cause ataxia, including alcohol misuse, certain medication, stroke, tumor, cerebral palsy, brain degeneration and multiple sclerosis. Inherited defective genes also can cause the condition.

[Ataxia - Symptoms and causes - Mayo Clinic](#)

Cerebellar Disorders Diseases that affect the brain are rare but serious and often have life-long complications. Different parts of the brain can be affected and one such susceptible part is the cerebellum. Read on, to learn about some various disorders that affect this brain area.

[Cerebellar Disorders - Health Hearty](#)

Cerebellar disease does not cause the loss of any single function but rather a general inadequacy of motor response. Cerebellar disorders are often diffuse in the cerebellum and the patient typically exhibits a symmetric cerebellar ataxia.

[Cerebellum Disease - an overview | ScienceDirect Topics](#)

Damage to the oldest part of the cerebellum, which lies deep in the midline, results in difficulty in maintaining an upright posture. Nystagmus (jerky movements of the eyes at rest) is also likely. The vermis and anterior lobes of the cerebellum developed later in evolution; lesions of these structures particularly affect gait.

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